

Code: ME1T6, AE1T6

**I B. Tech - I Semester – Regular/Supplementary Examinations
November 2017**

**ENGINEERING MECHANICS - I
(Common for ME, AE)**

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11 x 2 = 22 M

1.

- a) State the principle of transmissibility.
- b) What is meant by equilibrium of a system?
- c) Distinguish between coplanar forces and concurrent forces.
- d) What is the centroid of a quarter circle of radius 2m ?
- e) State perpendicular axis theorem.
- f) Write the basic assumptions for a perfect truss.
- g) Explain the procedure for finding member forces using method of joints.
- h) Give the classification of friction.
- i) What is angle of repose and cone of friction?
- j) What are the advantages of virtual work method?
- k) What is meant by i) Work done ii) Virtual work.

PART – B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.
 $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

2.a) Three bars, hinged at A and D and pinned at B and C as shown in figure-1 form a four-linked mechanism.

Determine the value of P that will prevent movement of bars.

8 M

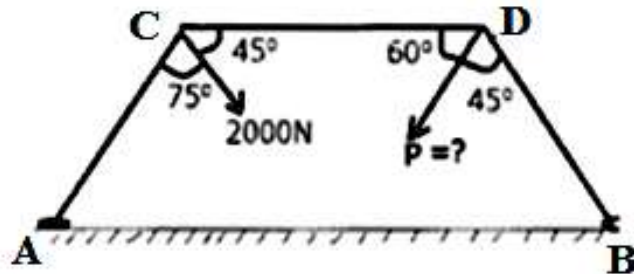


figure-1

b) Two men support a weightless wooden beam AB with a weight of 1000N hanging from the beam as shown in figure-2. Find the load shared by the each man.

8 M

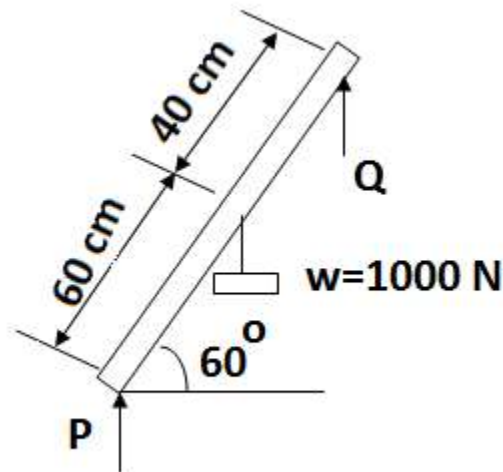


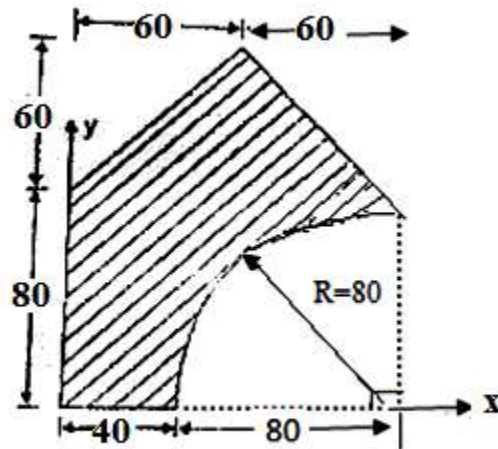
figure-2

3.a) Determine the centroid of a triangle by integration method.

6 M

b) Find the moment of inertia of the shaded area with respect to the x and y axes shown in figure-3.

10 M



all dimensions are in mm

figure-3.

4. Find the forces in the members of the given truss shown in figure-4.

16 M

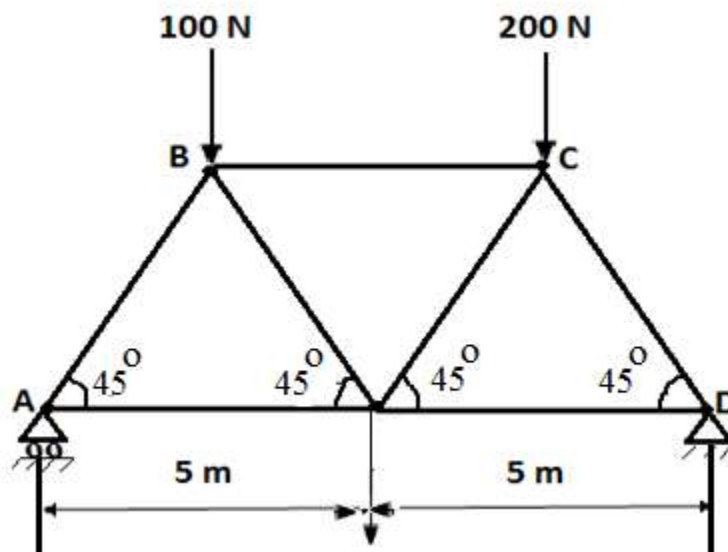


figure-4.

5. Determine the force 'P' to cause motion to impend if the co-efficient of friction for both blocks and the plane shown in figure-5 is 0.25. Force developed in the ropes is parallel to the plane. The pulley is frictionless. 16 M

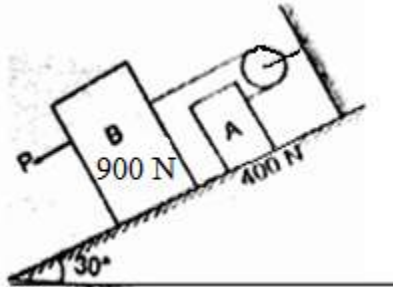


figure-5

6. Using the principle of Virtual work, Determine the reactions at A and B for the beam shown in figure-6.

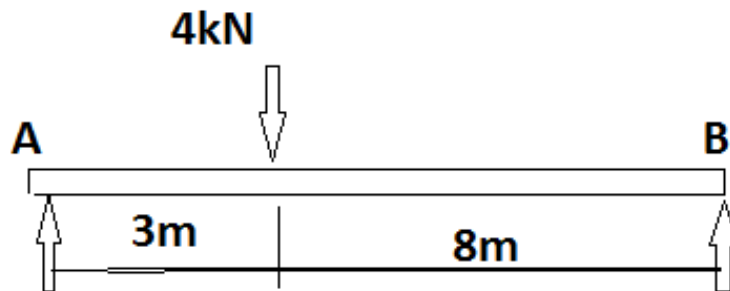


figure-6